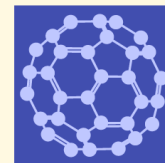


Green Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles Using Pomegranate Peel Extract: An Optimized Approach for Antibacterial Applications

Dr. Rocío Díaz-Puertas

Nanomaterials 2026: Innovations and Future Perspectives

17th March 2026 | Barcelona, Spain

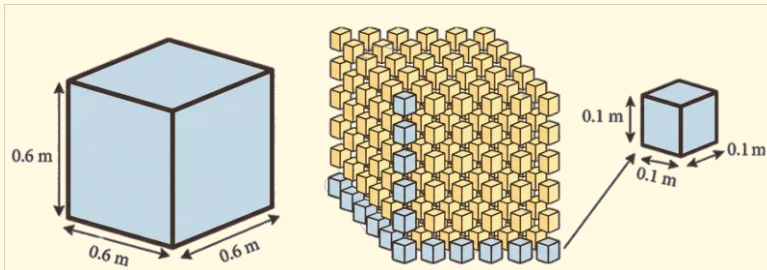


nanomaterials
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Silver nanoparticles

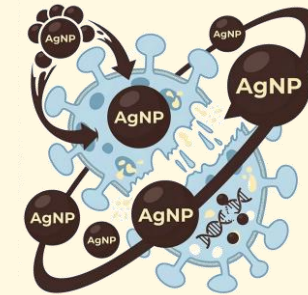
Unique characteristics



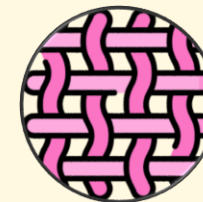
Valuable in diverse applications

AgNPs

Strong antibacterial activity



Textiles



Energy



Dressings

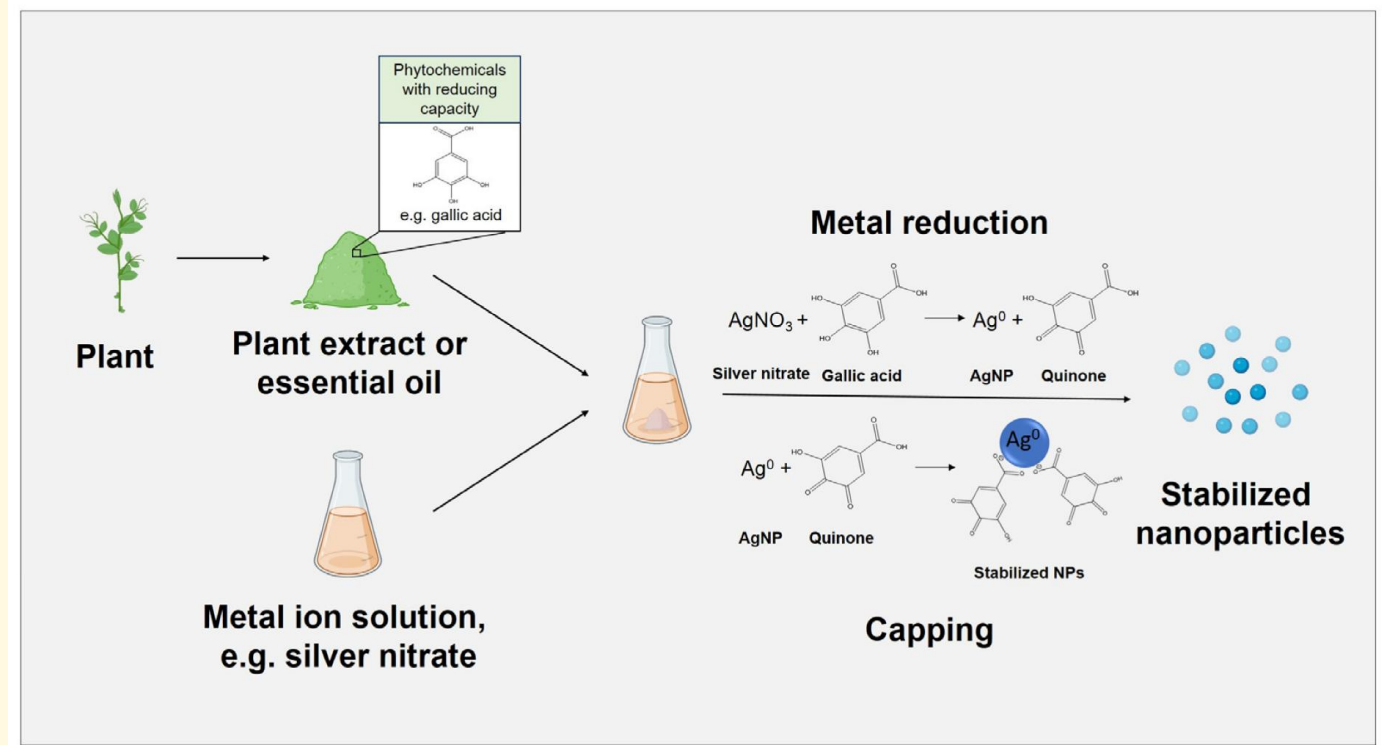


Green synthesis

Advantages:

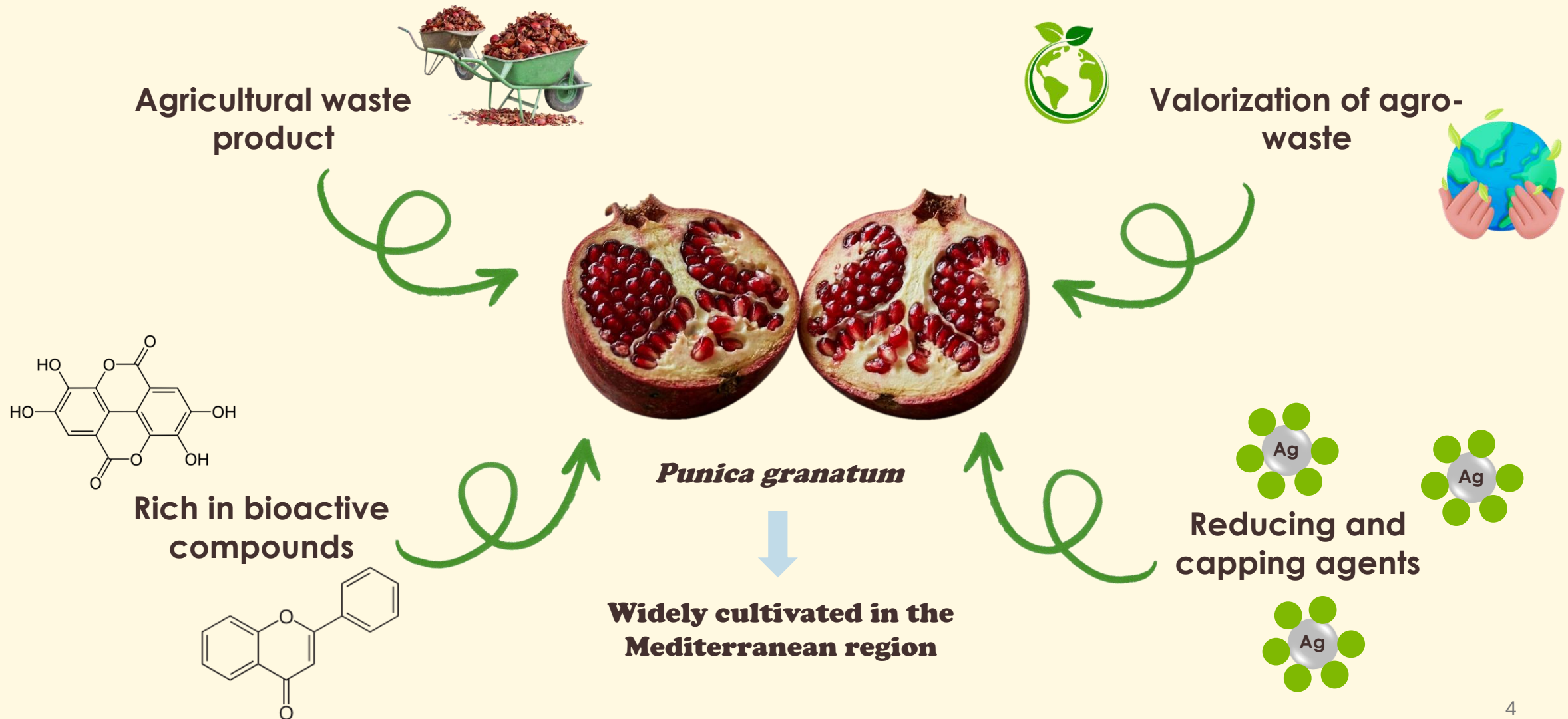
- environmentally friendly
- cost-effective
- uses natural reducing agents
- sustainable

Plant extracts contain **polyphenols, tannins and flavonoids** that can reduce Ag^+ ions and stabilize nanoparticles.



Díaz-Puertas et al. 2023

Pomegranate peel

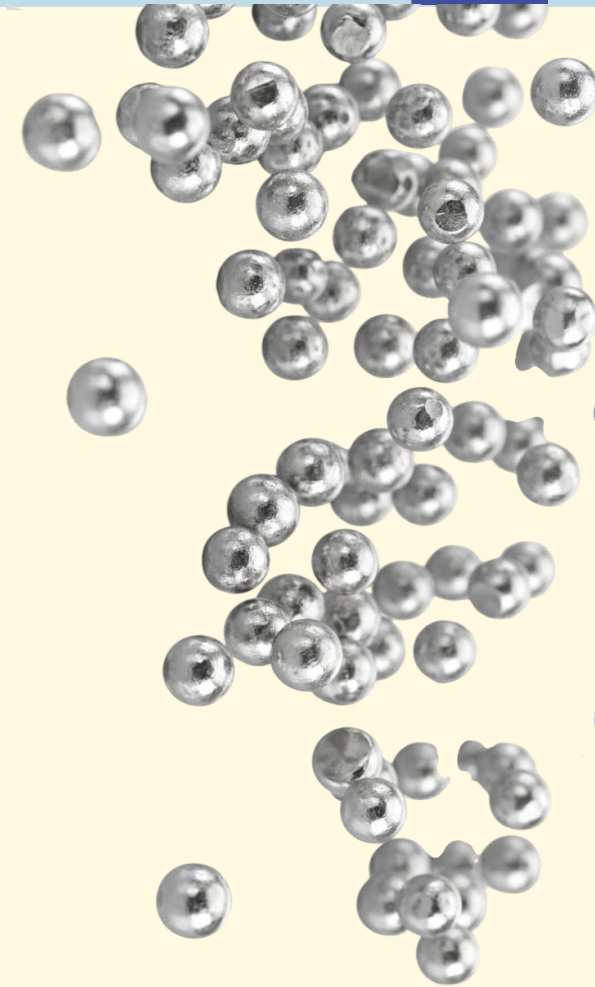




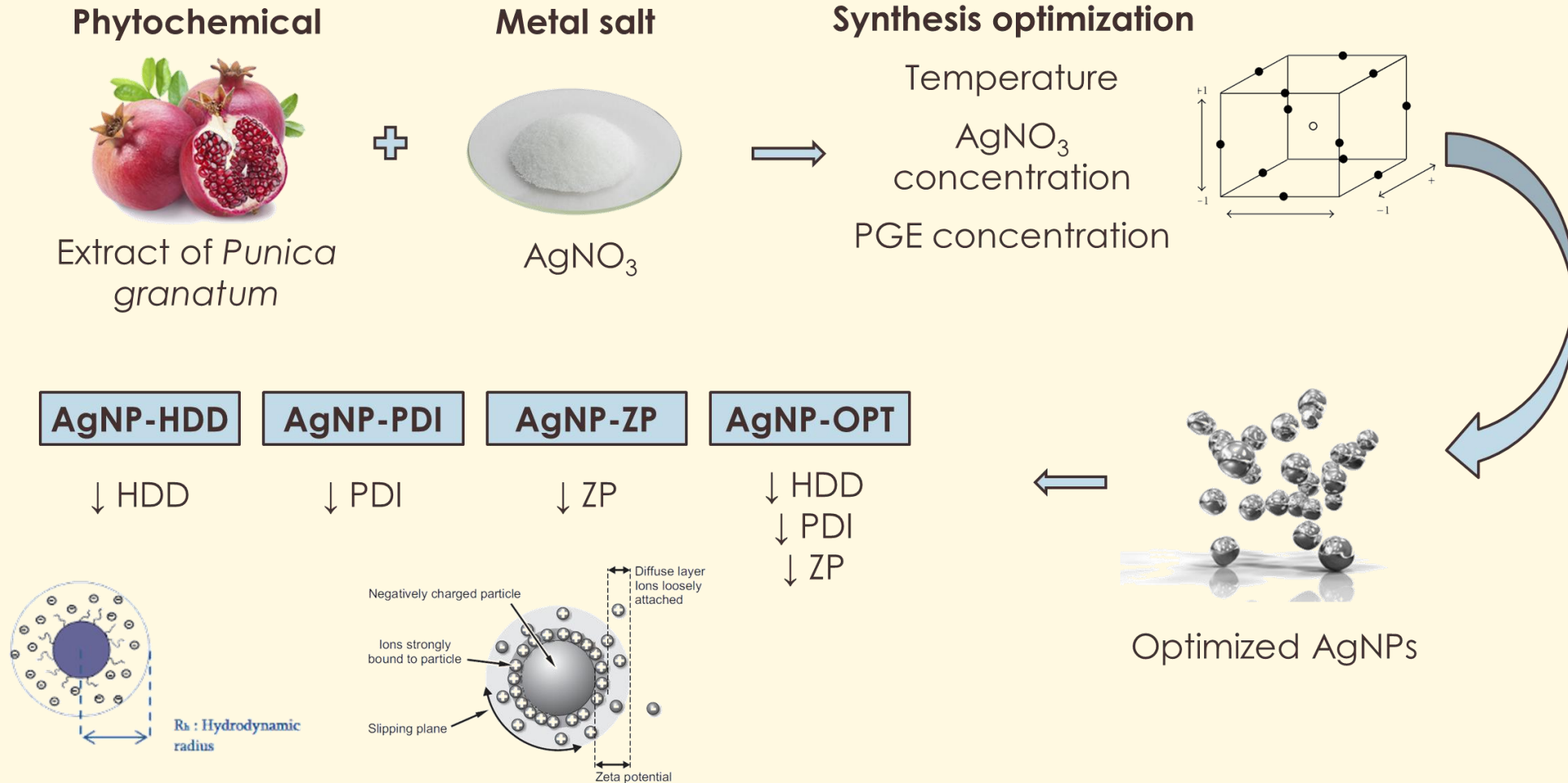
Objectives

The **objective** of this work was to **develop an optimized green synthesis method for silver nanoparticles using pomegranate peel extract**.

1. Synthesize AgNPs using peel extract as reducing agent.
2. Optimize synthesis parameters using Box-Behnken design.
3. Characterize nanoparticles.
4. Evaluate antibacterial activity.
5. Integrate into nanofibers.

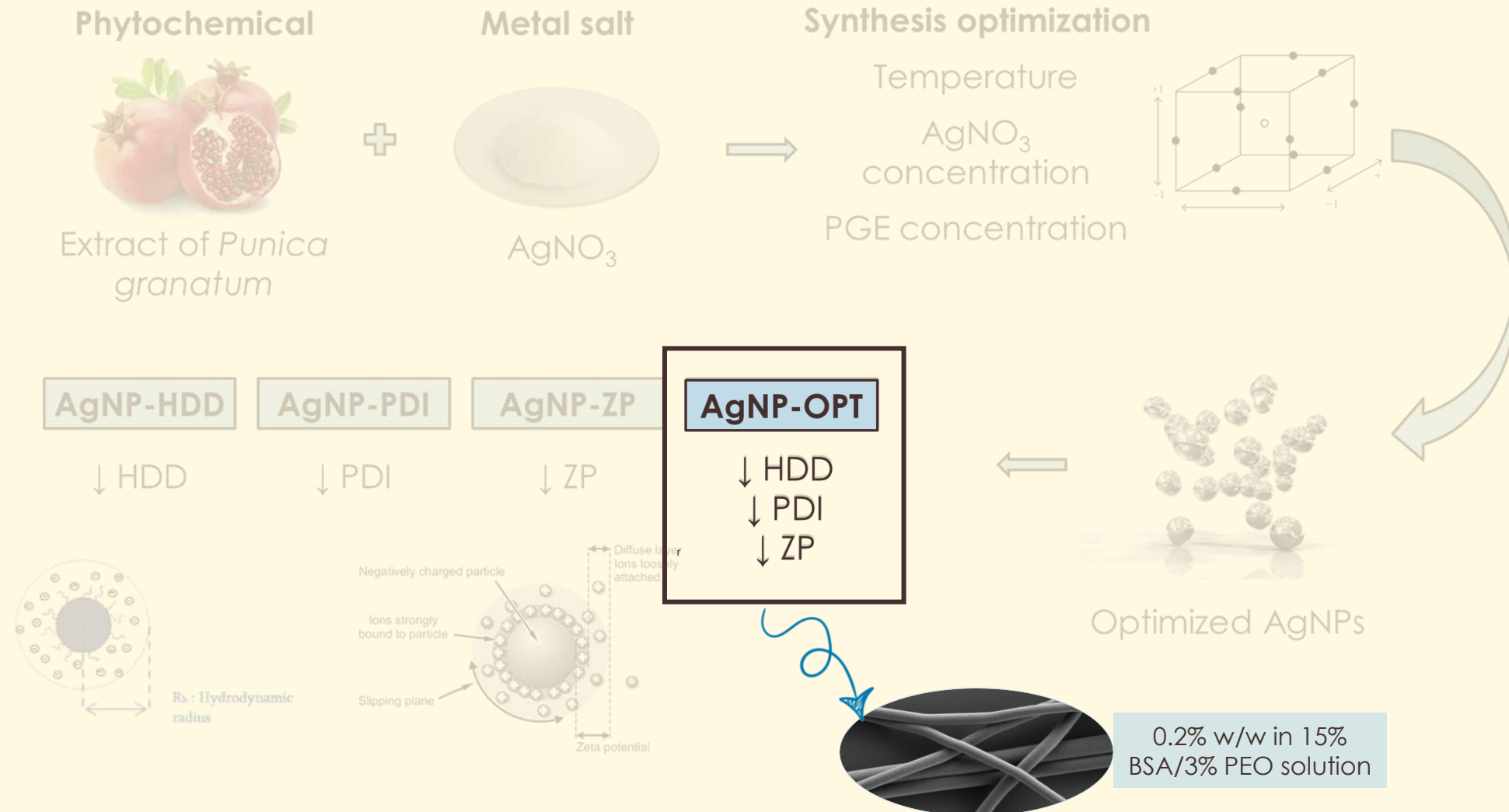


Green synthesis methodology





Green synthesis methodology

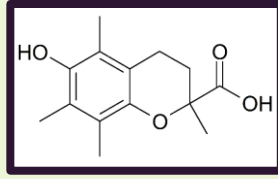


Characterization

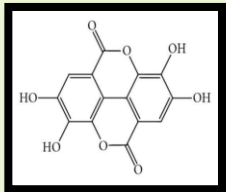
EXTRACT



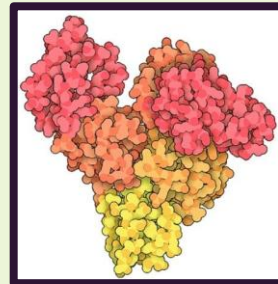
HPLC (high performance liquid chromatography)



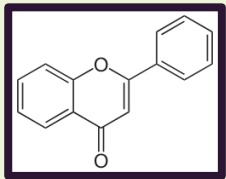
Antioxidant capacity



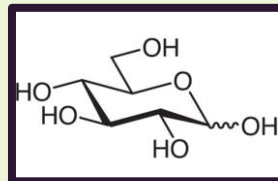
Total phenolic content



Protein determination



Flavonoid content



Total reducing sugars

AgNPs



Field emission scanning electron microscopy (FESEM)



X-ray diffraction (XRD)



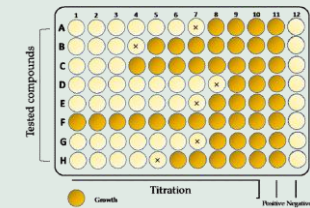
Fourier transformed infrared spectroscopy (FTIR)



Uv-vis spectroscopy

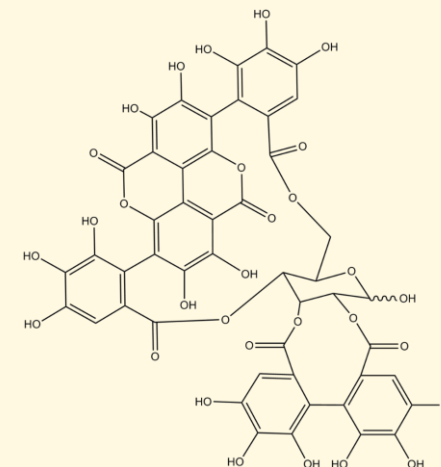
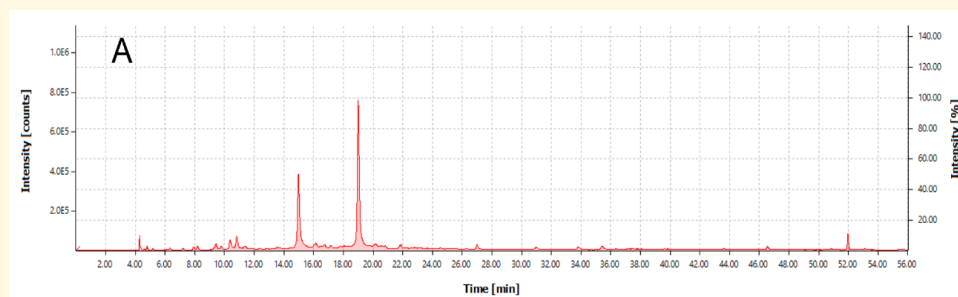


Dynamic light scattering (DLS)



Antimicrobial microdilution assays - *E. coli* and *S. aureus*

Extract composition



Punicalagin

Total polyphenolic content	29.94 ± 0.36 g gallic acid eqs/100g dry weight
Flavonoid content	5.15 ± 0.33 g quercetin eqs/100g dry weight
Antioxidant capacity	1379 ± 40 mmoles TROLOX eqs/100g dry weight
Total reducing sugars	57.2 g glucose eqs/100g dry weight
Protein content	0.84 ± 0.07 g BSA eqs/100 g dry weight

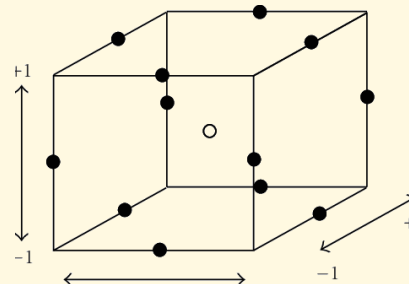
Box Behnken design

Experiment	Independent variables			Dependent variables		
	X ₁	X ₂	X ₃	Y ₁	Y ₂	Y ₃
1	20	0.16	10	137.50±0.38	0.172±0.016	-38.10±0.67
2	80	0.16	10	125.10±1.94	0.116±0.016	-42.20±1.04
3	20	0.48	10	143.90±1.42	0.128±0.015	-37.50±0.70
4	80	0.48	10	162.80±1.67	0.148±0.012	-28.50±0.53
5	20	0.32	5	135.60±0.57	0.182±0.021	-41.30±0.69
6	80	0.32	5	167.10±0.23	0.121±0.018	-41.50±1.23
7	20	0.32	15	157.60±2.08	0.127±0.014	-40.50±1.60
8	80	0.32	15	161.50±1.16	0.085±0.019	-42.30±0.29
9	50	0.16	5	95.95±0.54	0.230±0.018	-44.40±0.15
10	50	0.48	5	138.40±0.56	0.169±0.019	-40.30±0.38
11	50	0.16	15	126.10±1.34	0.186±0.003	-44.30±0.44
12	50	0.48	15	130.30±1.31	0.199±0.026	-43.20±0.10
13	50	0.32	10	126.80±0.67	0.160±0.008	-44.60±0.44
14	50	0.32	10	143.00±2.30	0.159±0.013	-45.20±0.51
15	50	0.32	10	127.70±2.98	0.144±0.005	-38.90±0.78

X₁: Temperature (°C)

X₂: [Extract] (mg/mL)

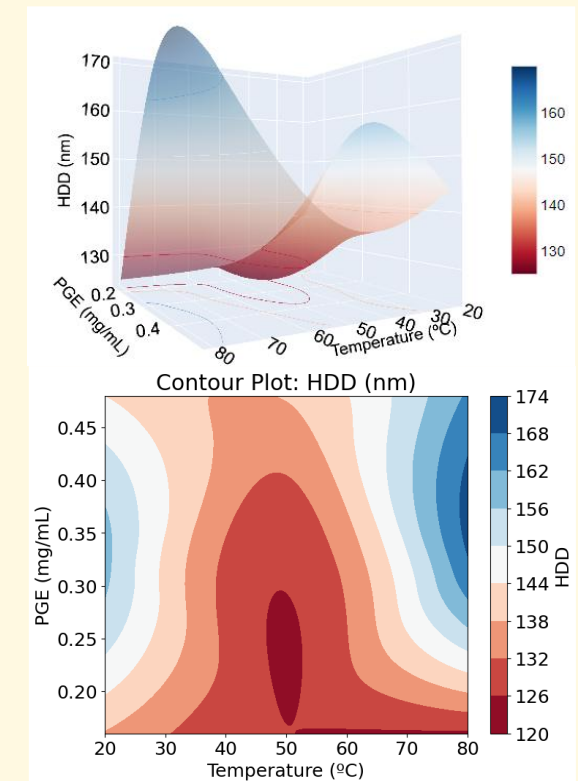
X₃: [AgNO₃] (mM)



Y₁: HDD (nm)

Y₂: PDI

Y₃: Zeta potential (mV)



↓ HDD at moderate T^a and ↓ [PGE]

Box Behnken design

Min BB Enero 2024 RDP v1

Archivo Editar Ver Insertar Entorno de ejecución Herramientas Ayuda

Comandos + Código + Texto Ejecutar todas

```
os.chdir(ruta_trabajo)
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Mounted at /googledrive

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df = pd.read_excel("Data_10-01-2024.xlsx", sheet_name="Hojas1")
df.head(30)
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	Temperature	PGE	AgNO3	HDD	HDD_standard_deviation	PDI	PDI_standard_deviation	ZP	ZP_standard_deviation
0	20	0.16	10	88.5	7.2	0.172	0.016	-38.1	0.656
1	80	0.16	10	82.8	4.8	0.116	0.016	-42.2	1.040
2	20	0.48	10	101.4	1.9	0.128	0.015	-37.5	0.700
3	80	0.48	10	105.7	2.9	0.148	0.012	-28.5	0.529
4	20	0.32	5	88.2	9.6	0.182	0.021	-41.3	0.693
5	80	0.32	5	118.0	9.9	0.121	0.018	-41.5	1.230
6	20	0.32	15	111.4	6.4	0.127	0.014	-40.5	1.600
7	80	0.32	15	124.6	6.1	0.085	0.019	-42.3	0.289
8	50	0.16	5	87.0	0.6	0.230	0.018	-44.4	0.153
9	50	0.48	5	89.0	9.5	0.169	0.019	-40.3	0.379
10	50	0.16	15	68.4	1.9	0.186	0.003	-44.3	0.436
11	50	0.48	15	81.6	3.5	0.199	0.026	-43.2	0.100
12	50	0.32	10	76.7	6.7	0.160	0.008	-44.6	0.436
13	50	0.32	10	94.8	2.0	0.159	0.013	-45.2	0.513
14	50	0.32	10	84.2	2.8	0.144	0.005	-38.9	0.781

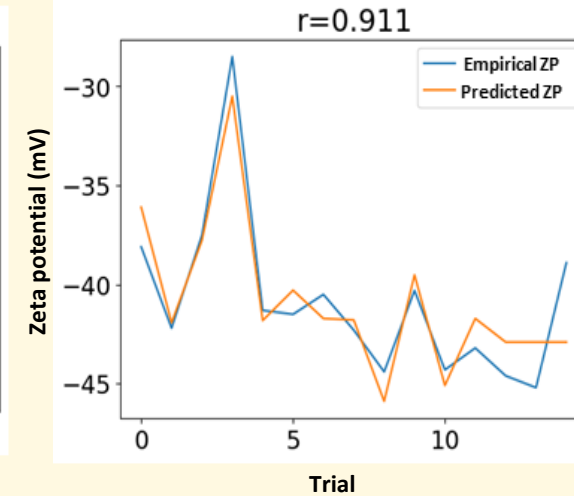
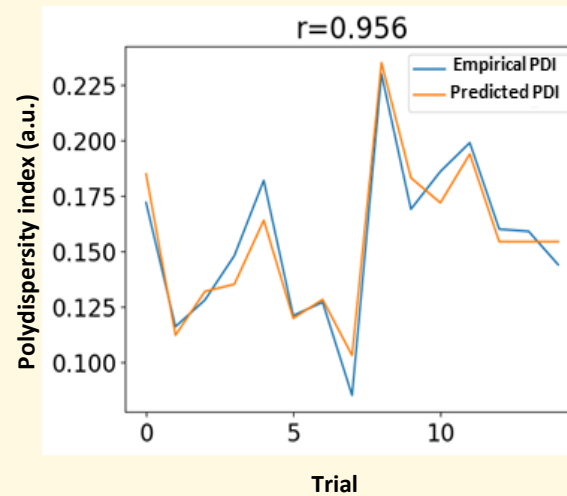
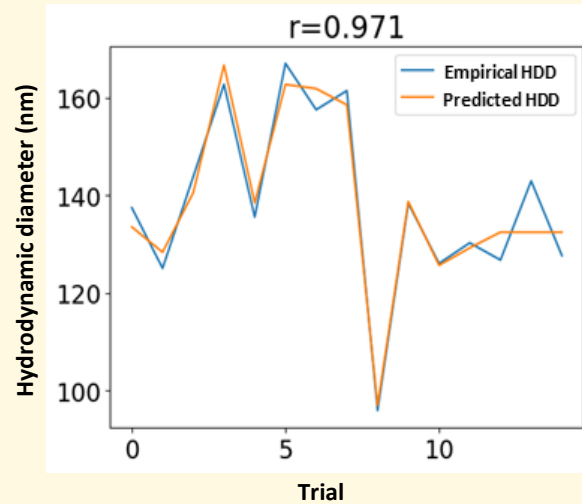
ver datos iniciales

Developed by Prof. Fernando Borrás





Box Behnken design

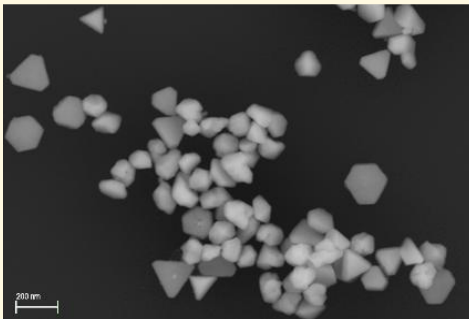


	Response	Predicted value	Experimental value
AgNPs-OPT	HDD (nm)	131.3	130.3±12.0
	PDI	0.147	0.149±0.018
	ZP (mV)	-46.0	-48.3±0.6
AgNPs-HDD	HDD (nm)	96.7	96.4±0.5
AgNPs-PDI	PDI	0.092	0.115±0.006
AgNPs-ZP	ZP (mV)	-46.3	-44.6±1.8

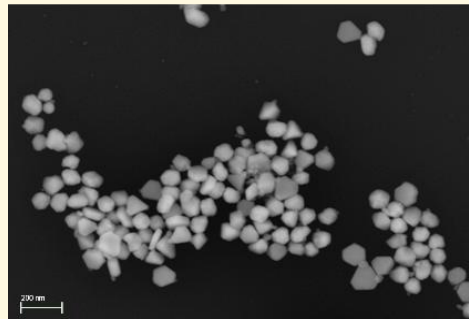
AgNPs characterization

FESEM

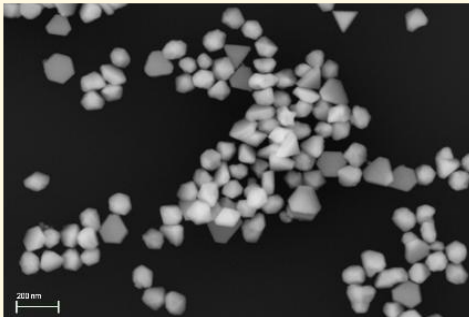
AgNPs-OPT



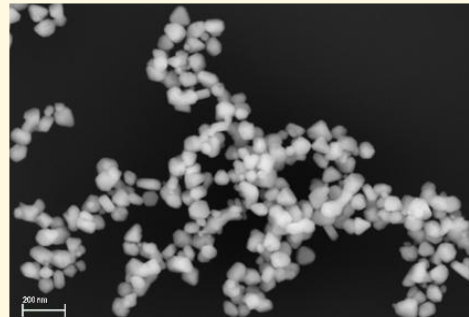
AgNPs-HDD



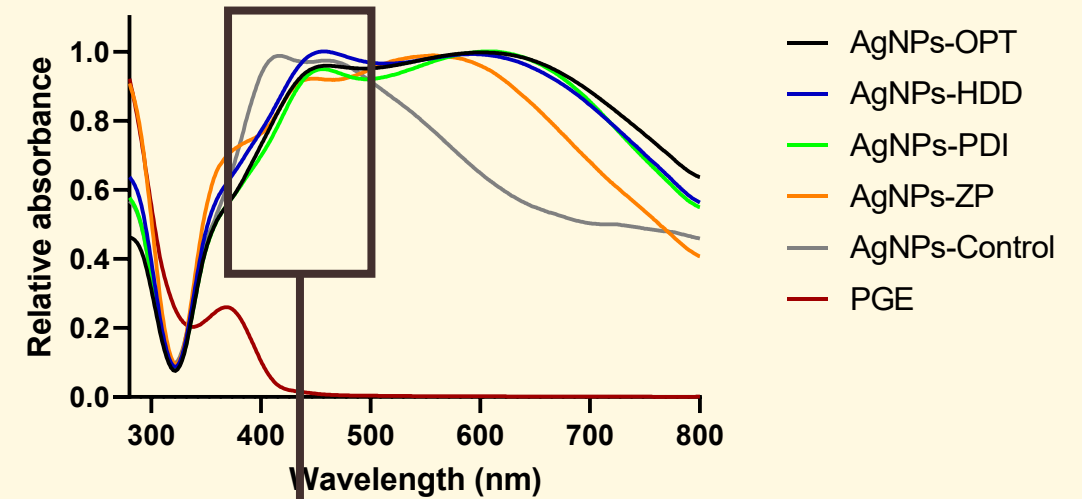
AgNPs-PDI



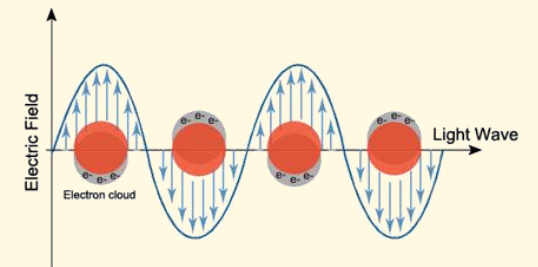
AgNPs-ZP



UV-vis spectroscopy

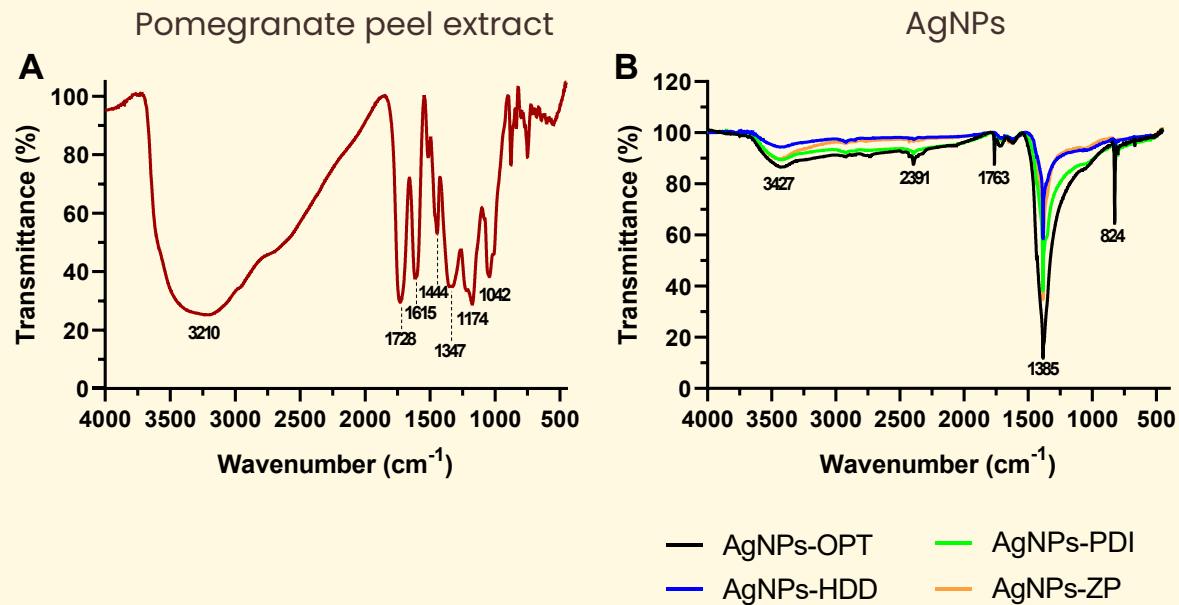


Surface Plasmon
Resonance band

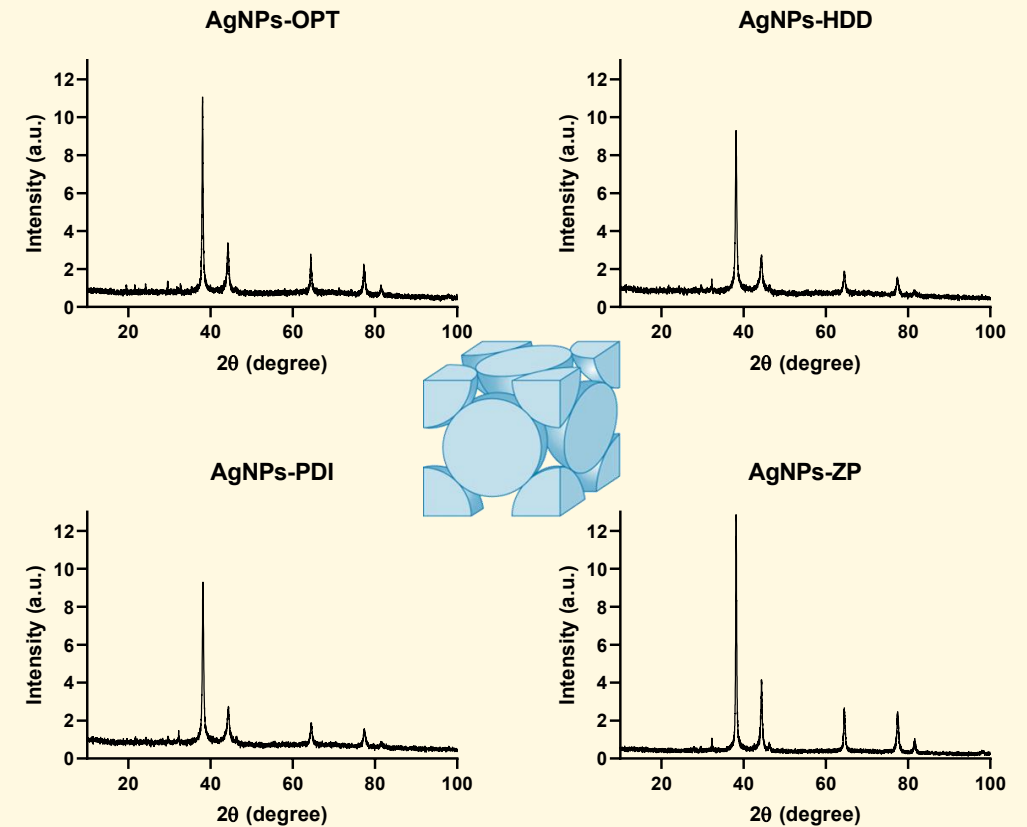


AgNPs characterization

FTIR spectroscopy



X-ray diffraction



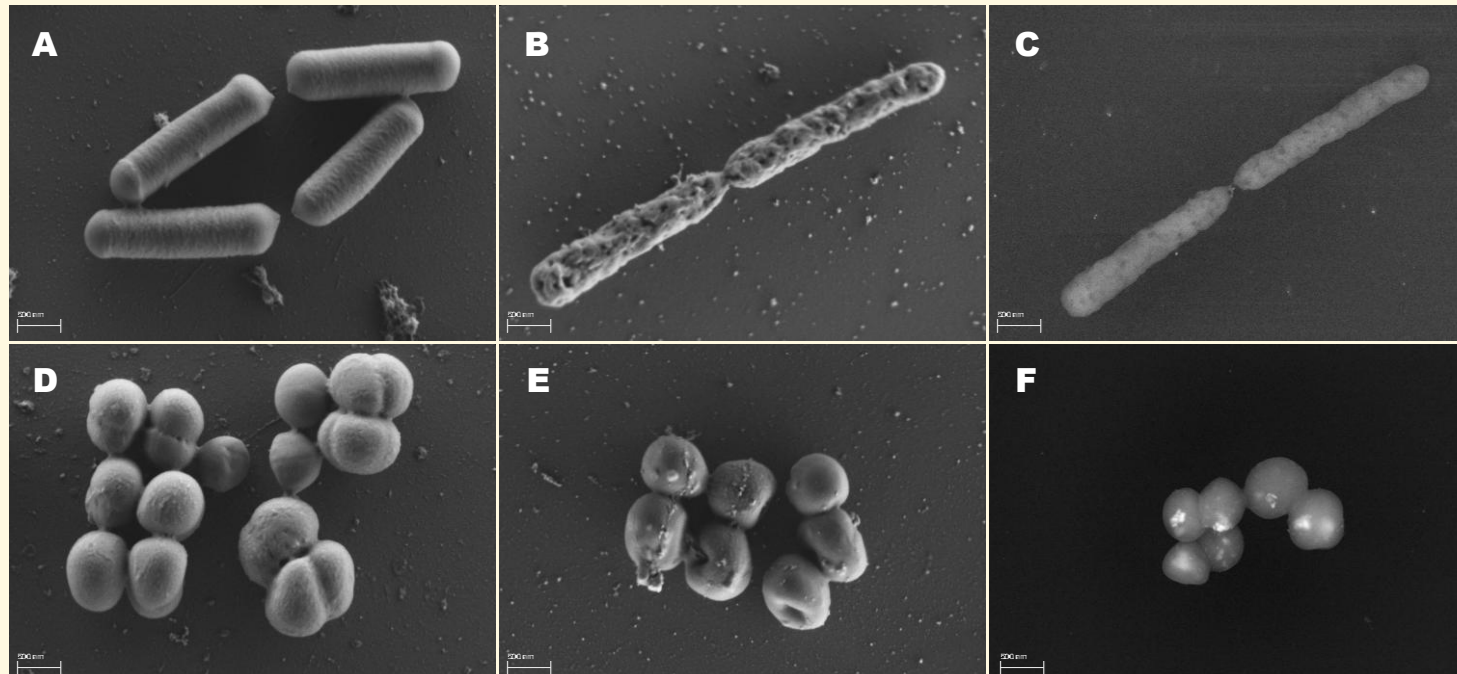
Antibacterial activity

	MIC ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)			
	AgNPs-OPT	AgNPs-HDD	AgNPs-PDI	AgNPs-ZP
<i>E. coli</i>	5.0	2.5	5.0	2.5
<i>S. aureus</i>	2.5	2.5	5.0	10

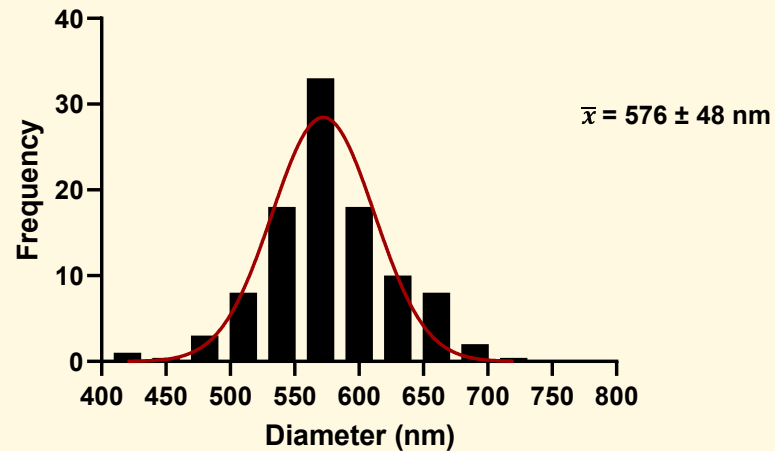
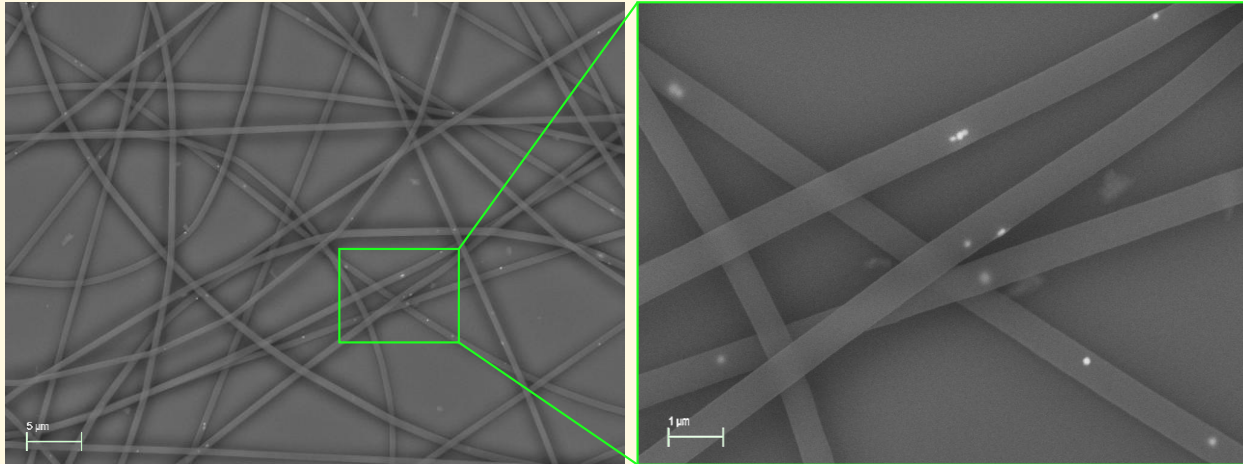
Control

Treated (surface)

Treated (inside)

E. coli*S. aureus*

Incorporation into nanofibers



MIC AgNPs

*E. coli**S. aureus*

5 µg/ml

2,5 µg/ml



10 µg/ml

MIC AgNPs in nanofibers



Conclusions

- **AgNPs** were **synthesized** using a **green synthesis** method with **pomegranate peel** extract.
- The synthesis was optimized using a **Box–Behnken Design (BBD)**, allowing control of key nanoparticle properties: **size**, **polydispersity index** and **zeta potential**.
- Characterization confirmed the successful formation of **anisotropic AgNPs**.
- The synthesized AgNPs showed effective and differential **antibacterial activity** against ***E. coli*** and ***S. aureus***.
- Optimized AgNPs were successfully incorporated into **nanofibers**, **retaining** part of their **antimicrobial activity**.



Conclusions

Research Article

An Innovative Approach Based on the Green Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles Using Pomegranate Peel Extract for Antibacterial Purposes

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Fernando Borrás ², Artur J. M. Valente ³, José A. Paixao ⁴, Alberto Falcó ⁵,
and Ricardo Mallavia ¹**

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



Design and validation of
nanomaterials group - IDiBE



Research Group in Design and
Development of Bioactive
Molecules - IDiBE



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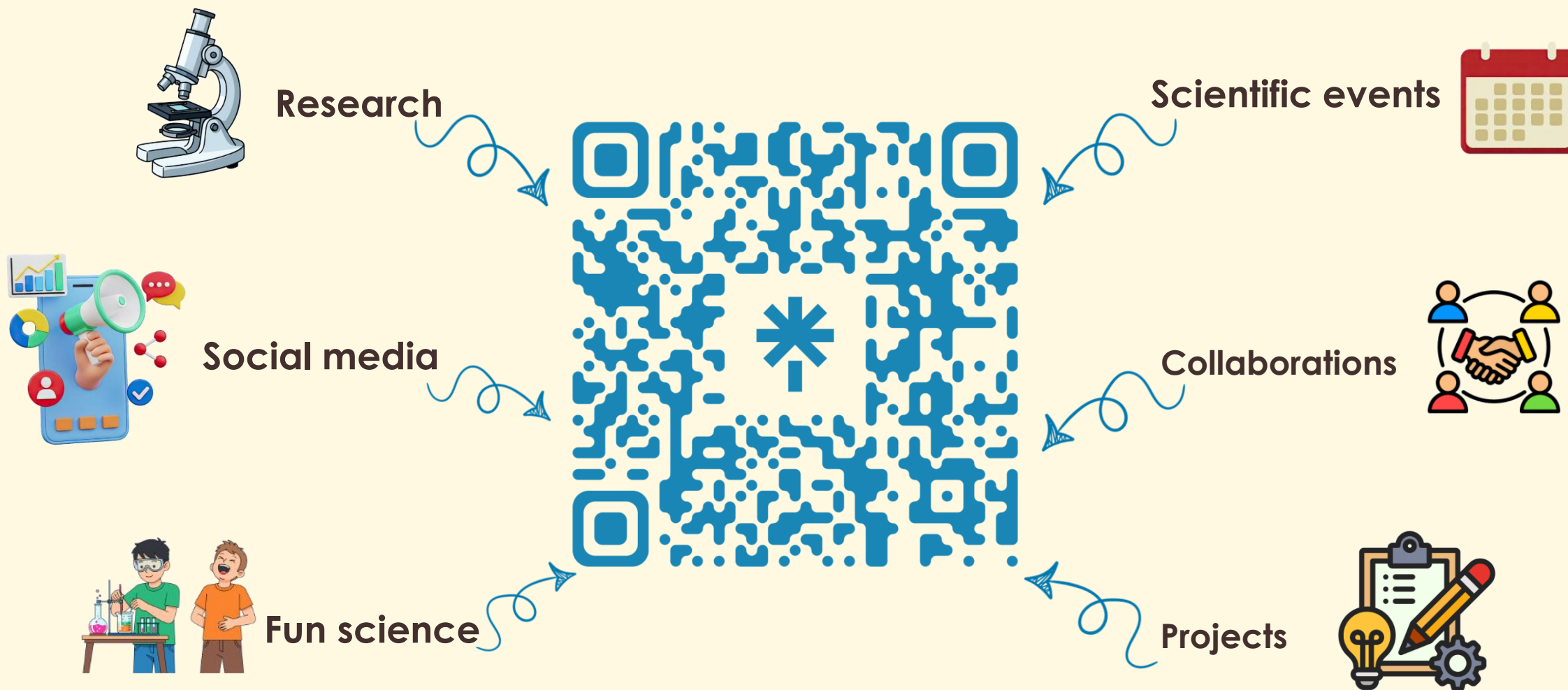


Catalysis and Fine Chemistry Group



Laboratory of Macromolecules
and Transport Phenomena

WANT TO KNOW MORE?



Green Synthesis of Silver Nanoparticles Using Pomegranate Peel Extract: An Optimized Approach for Antibacterial Applications

Thank you!

Dr. Rocío Díaz-Puertas

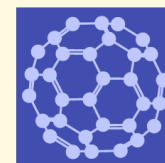
r.diaz@umh.es

Gràcies!

Grazie!

¡Gracias!

Obrigada!



nanomaterials
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